Company Registration Number: 59158

Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2022

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Management and Administration

Directors of the Company

Bradley Hill Frank Boner Stuart Platt-Ransom David Walker

Registered Office

11 New Street St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 2PF

Designated Manager and Administrator

Vistra Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited 11 New Street St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 2PF

Listing and Annual Sponsor

Clarien BSX Services Limited 25 Reid Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

Investment Managers

Global Capital Holdings (Australia) Proprietary Ltd Level 29 The Chifley Tower 2 Chifley Square Sydney New South Wales Australia

Investec Australia Limited Level 23 The Chifley Tower 2 Chifley Square Sydney New South Wales Australia

Independent Auditor

Grant Thornton Limited St James Place St James Street St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 2NZ

Report of the Directors

The Directors submit their Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements of International Capital Investments Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 30 June 2022.

On 8 December 2014, amended and restated Articles of Incorporation were adopted by Special Resolution to comply with the application by the Company to become a Registered Closed-Ended Investment Scheme and to enable the ordinary shares to be listed on the Bermuda Stock Exchange. The Company, on 25 March 2015, became licensed by the Guernsey Financial Services Commission as a Registered Closed-Ended Collective Investment Scheme under the provisions of The Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2020, as amended. The Company is governed by the provisions of the Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008, as amended.

On 6 July 2015, the Company was granted a listing for its ordinary shares on the Bermuda Stock Exchange.

On 17 January 2017, and again on 10 January 2018, the Articles of Incorporation of the Company were further amended by way of a Special Resolution as part of a review of the Company's operations.

Incorporation

The Company was incorporated in Guernsey on 13 October 2014.

Principal Activity

The Company's principal activity is to invest in a diversified portfolio of private equity and other specialised opportunities, with a predominant focus on investment in Australia.

Results

The results for the year ended 30 June 2022 are stated in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 8.

At the year end no Dividend has been declared. (30 June 2021: Nil)

Going Concern

The Directors have assessed the going concern status of the Company and note that it is their intention to continue to operate the Company for the foreseeable future. The Directors are of the opinion that the Company has sufficient assets to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due and has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. As such, the Directors have deemed it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these Financial Statements.

Russia-Ukraine War

On 24 February 2022, Russia commenced a military operation in Ukraine. In response, multiple jurisdictions, including the EU, Switzerland, the UK, the US, Canada, Japan and Australia have imposed economic sanctions on Russia. The Directors have been closely monitoring the situation and have not identified a significant impact or exposure on the company.

Directors

The Directors during the year ended 30 June 2022, and to date, are listed on page 1. Details of Director remuneration and any Director related party transactions with the Company are disclosed in note 10 to the financial statements.

Pacol Investments RF Pty Limited ("Pacol") are the beneficial owners of 100% of the Company's shares in issue.

Mr Frank Boner is a Director of Pacol and controls 50% of the share capital of Pacol.

No other Director has any direct or indirect interest in the share capital of the Company.

No rights have been granted to any party to subscribe for further shares in the Company.

Report of the Directors (continued)

Summary financial information

	For the year to 30 For June 2018	r the year to 30 June 2019	For the year to 30 June 2020	For the year to 30 June 2021	For the year to 30 June 2022
Profit / (loss) for the year	AUD	AUD	AUD	AUD	AUD
	(282,922)	87,249	(282,660)	4,408,627	1,579,563
Total assets	14,851,811	14,851,056	14,578,267	13,462,753	15,078,111
Total liabilities	(161,540)	(73,536)	(83,407)	(59,266)	(95,061)
Total net assets	14,690,271	14,777,520	14,494,860	13,403,487	14,983,050

Investment Portfolio

Investment Name and description of business	Cost AUD	Carrying Amount AUD	% of Portfolio
Lighting Investments Australia Holdings Pty Limited - An Australian lighting company that focuses on the manufacturing, distribution and sale of lighting and allied electrical products predominantly within the commercial and industrial sectors.	1,141,981	1,009,340	20.58%
<u>Sunshine Securities Designated Activity Company</u> - Sunshine is a special purpose investment vehicle that invests into multi-jurisdictional listed and unlisted assets, including bonds, equity and funds.	833,782	2,811,500	57.33%
EDU Holdings Limited (Former UCW Limited) - Listed on the Australian Stock Exchange, the company builds and grows private education businesses in the Vocational Educational and Training Sector located in Australia.	2,061,991	1,083,615	22.09%

Please refer to note 6 of the financial statements for further detail on the basis of valuation of the above investments.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and Financial Statements in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 (the "Law") requires the Directors to prepare Financial Statements for each financial period. Under that law, the Directors have elected to prepare the Financial Statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable Guernsey law). Under the Law, the Directors must not approve the Financial Statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these Financial Statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting standards and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements;
- prepare the Financial Statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

Report of the Directors (continued)

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (continued)

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with The Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2020, as amended and the Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008, as amended. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to Auditor

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Report of the Directors confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and each Director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Independent Auditor

Grant Thornton Limited has indicated its willingness to act as the Company's independent auditor and a resolution for its reappointment will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Approved by the Board of Directors on 20 December 2022 and signed on their behalf by:

Bradley Hill

Director

Divalle

David Walker

Director

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of International Capital Investments Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of International Capital Investments Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 30 June 2022 which comprise the Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland' (FRS 102).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- are in accordance with FRS 102; and
- comply with The Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Guernsey, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept by the Company; or
- the Company's financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view in accordance with FRS 102, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with section 262 of the Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Grant Thornton Limited

Grant Thornton Limited Chartered Accountants St Peter Port, Guernsey

Date: 20 December 2022

Statement of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2022

	Notes	30 June 2022 AUD	30 June 2021 AUD
Non-Current Assets			
Investments	6	4,904,455	9,648,591
Current Assets			
Unpaid share capital	9	1	1
Debtors and prepayments	7	5,637	1,306,424
Cash and cash equivalents		10,168,018	2,507,737
		10,173,656	3,814,162
Current Liabilities			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	95,061	59,266
Net Current Assets		10,078,595	3,754,896
Net Assets		14,983,050	13,403,487
Capital and Reserves			
Share capital	9	110	110
Share premium	9	11,999,911	11,999,911
Reserves		2,983,029	1,403,466
Shareholders' Surplus		14,983,050	13,403,487
Net Asset Value per Ordinary Share		1,379.69	1,234.23

These Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors, authorised for issue on 20 December 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

Bradley Hill

Divalle

David Walker

Director

Director

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Notes	Year to 30 June 2022 AUD	Year to 30 June 2021 AUD
Income			
Realised gains / (losses) on investments	6	4,593,454	(2,413,563)
Unrealised (losses) / gains on investments	6	(2,978,875)	6,960,283
Unrealised foreign exchange movement on currency		(8,436)	(25,864)
Interest income		199,649	115,340
		1,805,792	4,636,196
Expenses			
Investment Manager's fees	10	-	(20,000)
Administration fees	10	68,735	68,786
Regulatory fees		19,603	18,363
Insurance fees		6,840	8,526
Legal and professional fees		-	1,343
Audit fees	10	31,259	23,748
Directors' fees	10	91,696	82,098
General expenses		8,096	44,705
		226,229	227,569
Profit for the year		1,579,563	4,408,627
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,579,563	4,408,627
Basic and diluted profit per Ordinary share	13	145.45	405.96

All activities are derived from continuing operations

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Share Capital AUD	Share Premium AUD	Reserves AUD	Total Equity AUD
Balance as at 30 June 2020	176	17,499,845	(3,005,161)	14,494,860
Redemption of ordinary shares	(66)	(5,499,934)	-	(5,500,000)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	4,408,627	4,408,627
Balance as at 30 June 2021	110	11,999,911	1,403,466	13,403,487
Redemption of ordinary shares	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	1,579,563	1,579,563
Balance as at 30 June 2022	110	11,999,911	2,983,029	14,983,050

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Year to 30 June 2022 AUD	Year to 30 June 2021 AUD
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit for the year	1,579,563	4,408,627
Unrealised losses / (gains) on revaluation of investments held at fair value	2,978,875	(6,960,283)
Unrealised foreign exchange movement on currency	8,437	25,864
Realised (gains) / losses on sale of investments	(4,593,454)	2,413,563
Interest for the year	(199,649)	(115,340)
Decrease / (increase) in debtors and prepayments	1,300,787	(1,296,227)
Increase / (decrease) in creditors and accrued expenses	35,795	(24,141)
Net cash used in operating activities	1,110,354	(1,547,937)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds on sale of investments	6,558,360	6,593,156
Net cash from investing activities	6,558,360	6,593,156
Cash flows from financing activities		
Redemption of shares	-	(5,500,000)
Interest received	4	12,128
Net cash from / (used in) financing activities	4	(5,487,872)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	7,668,718	(442,653)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	2,507,737	2,976,254
Foreign exchange movement	(8,437)	(25,864)
Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year	10,168,018	2,507,737

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

1. General Information

International Capital Investments Limited is a Closed-Ended Investment Company established under the laws of Guernsey with limited liability on 13 October 2014. The Company's registration number is 59158. On 25 March 2015 the Company was licensed by the Guernsey Financial Services Commission ("GFSC") as a Registered Closed-Ended Collective Investment Scheme. International Capital Investments Limited is a limited life company with a termination date set for the 11th anniversary of the Initial Closing Date of 06 July 2015, or the 13th anniversary of the initial closing date, as the case may be, pursuant to the applicable resolution being passed by the majority of Investors.

The address of its registered office is 11 New Street, St Peter Port, Guernsey, GY1 2PF.

The Company's principal activity is to invest in a diversified portfolio of private equity and other specialised opportunities, with a predominant focus on investment in Australia.

On 6 July 2015 the Company was granted a listing for its ordinary shares on the Bermuda Stock Exchange.

2. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom" ("FRS 102").

3. Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of preparation

These Financial Statements were prepared in accordance with FRS 102. The presentation currency of these Financial Statements and the functional currency of the Company is Australian Dollars ("AUD"). The board consider AUD to be the presentational and functional currency as the share capital was raised in AUD and a significant proportion of the net assets are AUD denominated.

The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value and in accordance with applicable Guernsey Law and give a true and fair view.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these Financial Statements are set out below. These policies have been applied consistently unless otherwise stated.

(b) Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the Company's functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the Statement of Financial Position date are retranslated to the functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(c) Income and expenses

Income and expenses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accruals basis.

(d) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into.

i. Financial assets

All financial assets are initially measured at transaction price, except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit and loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally their cost as at the transaction date).

3. Accounting Policies (continued)

(d) Financial instruments (continued)

i. Financial assets (continued)

Equity instruments, mezzanine debt facilities and loan notes are measured at fair value, where fair value can be reliably measured, as their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. Where the fair value of equity instruments, mezzanine debt and loan notes cannot be reliably measured, they are recorded at cost less impairment.

Senior debt facilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method as they represent debt instruments where the contractual return to the holder is based on a positive fixed or variable rate.

Debtors and prepayments, as well as cash and cash equivalents, that are due within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount receivable. There are no debtors or prepayments due in more than one year.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party, or (c) despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership, control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

ii. Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are due within one year at recognition and measured at the undiscounted amount payable. These include creditors and accrued expenses. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

iii. Fair value

The fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arms length transaction at the measurement date. Where available, fair value is based on observable market prices or parameters or derived from such prices or parameters. Where reliable observable prices or inputs are not available, valuation techniques are applied. These valuation techniques involve varying levels of management estimation and judgement, the degree of which is dependent on a variety of factors. Hierarchical levels, as defined by FRS 102, are directly related to the amount of subjectivity associated with the inputs to the valuation of these investments. See note 11 for further details.

The difference between cost and valuation, being an unrealised surplus/deficit on investments, is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Realised surpluses and deficits on part sales of investments are arrived at by deducting the average costs of such investments from their sale proceeds and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

iv. Valuation of Investments

Critical judgement and estimation exists on the valuation of certain financial instruments which are valued using the latest available financial information provided by the manager or administrator of the instrument and also judgement is required in determining what constitutes "observable" inputs. It is the judgement of the directors that these valuations represent the fair value of these instruments. Further details of the valuation of these instruments are shown in note 11.

Listed investments are based upon quoted prices where the market is considered to be an active market and therefore do not involve a significant element of judgement or estimation. Listed investments that are not held on an active market, where the listed price is not deemed to reflect fair value, or where publicly available quoted prices are available on multiple exchanges but indicate conflicting fair values, are valued using the net asset value of the underlying audited financial statements.

(e) Going concern

The Directors have assessed the going concern status of the Company and note that it is their intention to continue to operate the Company for the foreseeable future. The Directors are of the opinion that the Company has sufficient assets to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due and has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. As such, the Directors have deemed it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these Financial Statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2022

4. Significant judgements and key sources of estimation

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are disclosed above, the Directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

5. Taxation

The Company is exempt from Guernsey taxation under the Income Tax (Exempt Bodies) (Guernsey) Ordinance, 1989. A fixed annual fee of GBP 1,200 is payable to the States of Guernsey in respect of this exemption.

It is the intention of the Directors to conduct the affairs of the Company so as to ensure that it continues to qualify for exempt company status for the purposes of Guernsey taxation.

6. Investments

	30 June 2022 AUD	30 June 2021 AUD
Opening portfolio cost	5,803,015	14,706,521
Redemptions at cost	(1,964,906)	(9,006,719)
Interest capitalised	221,728	81,130
Accrued Interest not yet capitalised	-	22,083
Reversal of Interest accrued	(22,083)	-
Closing portfolio cost	4,037,754	5,803,015
Opening accumulated unrealised gain / (loss) on investments	3,845,576	(3,114,706)
Unrealised (loss) / gain on investments for the year	(2,978,875)	6,960,282
Closing accumulated unrealised gain on investments	866,701	3,845,576
Closing valuation	4,904,455	9,648,591

Please refer to page 3 for further details on the investment portfolio and to note 11 for further details on the closing valuation of investments.

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL INVESTMENTS LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2022

6. Investments (continued)

In addition to the equity investments valued at nil, amounts have also been invested in Lighting Australia through their Senior Debt facility and their Mezzanine Debt facility.

During the year, Lighting Australia sold its main subsidiary Pierlite and there are ongoing discussions around the realisation of the remaining assets of the Lighting Australia group. Please see note 14 for further details.

An amount of AUD 4,356,399 was invested in the Senior Debt facility, in 2017, in order to acquire debt of AUD 4,759,828. This debt attracts interest at a variable rate, with a floating base rate and variable margin based upon the gearing ratio of Lighting Australia. This debt is unsecured and matured on 5 July 2022. During the year all of the debt was repaid and the Company made a realised gain of AUD 11,969.

An amount of AUD 229,075 was invested in the Lighting Australia Mezzanine Debt facility, in 2017, in order to acquire debt of AUD 5,890,500. With effect from 5 July 2018, this debt attracts interest at a fixed rate of 2.5%, capitalised on a quarterly basis. Prior to this date, interest was capitalised at 14% per annum on a quarterly basis. The debt is unsecured and is due to mature on 5 July 2023. At the year end, this debt was valued at fair value at AUD 1,009,340 to the Company (30 June 2021: AUD 4,079,000). During the year, a partial repayment of the debt was made and the Company made a realised gain of AUD 4,581,485. Lighting Australia Mezzanine Debt facility has been valued on the basis of expected cashflows associated with the realisation of remaining assets in the group and expected costs and commitments associated with the ultimate winding up of the Lighting Australia group.

The Company invested ZAR 11.3m to acquire Notes, with a nominal value of ZAR 29.95m, in Sunshine Securities Designated Activity Company ("Sunshine"). These Notes, which mature in March 2045, attract no annual interest. Given that the only remaining assets in the Sunshine structure consist of the remaining portion of Mezzanine Debt facility issued by Lighting Australia which is discussed above, this investment has been carried at fair value of AUD 2,811,500 at the year end (30 June 2021: AUD 2,343,713) which is the same amount as the final consideration received just after the FY22 financial year end. No impairment has been provided for at year end (30 June 2021: AUD Nil).

7. Debtors and prepayments

	30 June 2022 AUD	30 June 2021 AUD
Prepayments	5,636	5,899
Return of capital receivable from Lighting Australia	-	1,300,524
Bank interest receivable	1	1
	5,637	1,306,424
8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	30 June 2022 AUD	30 June 2021 AUD
Administration fees payable (further detail - note 10)	33,020	17,262
Audit fee payable	29,479	25,823
Directors' fees payable (further detail - note 10)	29,770	14,365
Other payables	-	1,816
Regulatory fees payable	1,487	-
Disbursements fees payable	1,305	-
	95,061	59,266
9. Share Capital		
Management shares	2022	2021
Authorised	AUD	AUD
Management shares of AUD 1 each	1	1
Issued and unpaid Management shares of AUD 1 each	1	1

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2022

9. Share Capital (continued)

Management shares are not redeemable, do not carry any right to dividends and in a winding up rank only for a return of the amount of paid up capital on the management shares. The one issued management share is yet to be paid for and is reflected in current assets on the Statement of Financial Position. The one Management share in issue is entitled to one vote at a meeting of the shareholders of the Company.

Ordinary Share Capital	2022 No. of shares	2021 No. of shares
Authorised Ordinary shares of AUD 0.01 each	999,000	999,000
Issued and fully paid	AUD	AUD
10,860 Ordinary share (30 June 2021: 10,860 Ordinary shares) of AUD 0.01 each	109	109
Share Premium	AUD	AUD
In respect of ordinary share as at year end	11,999,911	11,999,911

The ordinary shares have a par value of AUD 0.01 each in the share capital of the Company, as well as fractions of such ordinary shares, as the context requires. The Company has one class of ordinary share which carries no right to fixed income. Each ordinary share in issue is entitled to one vote at any meeting of the shareholders of the Company.

On the Redemption Date, being the date one calendar month after the 11th anniversary of the Initial Closing Date of 6 July 2015, and subject to all investments having been liquidated and/or distributed, the Company shall be obliged to redeem all Ordinary Shares and payment shall be effected by the Administrator to the shareholder no later than 5 Business Days after the Redemption Date.

The Redemption Date may be extended to the 13th anniversary of the Initial Closing Date, pursuant to the applicable resolution being passed by the requisite majority of investors in a general meeting.

The Company shall, prior to the Redemption Date, have the right, but not the obligation, on receipt by it of a request of redemption of Ordinary Shares to redeem all or any part of such Ordinary Shares at such price and at such time or times and otherwise in such terms as the Directors may in their absolute discretion determine without prejudice to the interest of the holders of the remaining Ordinary Shares.

Any such redemption of Ordinary Shares prior to the Redemption Date will be subject to a settlement and registration fee of up to 1.25% of the total value of the applicable transaction, of which 0.75% of the total value of the applicable transaction is payable to and for the account of the Administrator.

During the year ended 30 June 2022, no shares were redeemed (30 June 2021: 6,640.267 shares were redeemed at an amount of AUD 5,500,000).

10. Related party transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or to exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions or if one party is a member of the key management personnel of the other or of the parent company of the other.

Mr Boner, a Director of the Company, is the indirect beneficial owner of 50% of the share capital of the Company. Mr Boner is a 50% shareholder in Pacol Investments RF Pty Limited ("Pacol"), a company domiciled in South Africa. Pacol owns 100% of the share capital of the Company and as such is the immediate and ultimate parent company, and the ultimate controlling party. Pacol does not produce consolidated financial statements.

Mr Walker, a Director of the Company, is also a Director of the Administrator, Vistra Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited. During the year under review, the Administrator was entitled to fees of AUD 68,735 (30 June 2021: AUD 68,786) of which AUD 33,020 (30 June 2021: AUD 17,262 remained outstanding at the year end.

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL INVESTMENTS LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2022

10. Related party transactions (continued)

Under the Investment Management Agreement ("IMA"), Global Capital Holdings (Australia) Proprietary Ltd ("Global") was entitled to an upfront fee of 0.25% of the Company's Funds on the aggregate subscription proceeds received by the Company, payable within thirty days of the Initial Closing Date, and an Annual Fee of 0.5% per annum on the Company's Funds, with the first fee payable together with the upfront fee for the period from the Initial Closing Date to 30 June 2015. Thereafter future annual Investment Manager's Fee would be paid six monthly in advance; commencing 1 July 2015. Finally a Performance Incentive fee may be paid. Should the Company receive an annual IRR of 10% on the cost of the Investment Portfolio an amount of 20% of the excess of the cash flows over the cost of the Investment Portfolio will be payable to Global.

With effect from 1 January 2017, the terms of the IMA with regards to fees were amended. As Global were not involved in the Management of all investments made by the Company, the basis of the fee due to Global was amended to 1% of the amounts the Company had invested in EDU Holding Limited, which continue to be managed by Global.

The Company's investments in EDU Holding Limited is considered investments in related parties, as this is controlled by Global.

During the year, Global were entitled to fees of AUD 40,000 which they have waived. As such, AUD Nil (30 June 2021: Nil) remained outstanding at the year end. No performance incentive fee was due to Global for the year (30 June 2021: Nil.)

All investments made after 1 January 2017, Lighting Investments and Sunshine Notes, were made using Investec Australia Limited ("IAL") as the Investment Manager.

In the current and previous financial years, IAL confirmed that they would not be charging any fees for the services that they provide under their proposed IMA. Therefore the overall Investment Manager Fee expense for the year was AUD Nil.

With effect from 12 December 2017, Mr Walker and Mr Platt-Ransom are entitled to a Directors fee of GBP 15,000 per annum. Mr Boner continues to waive his entitlement to any fee. Mr Hill was entitled to an increase in director fee of GBP 7,500 in September 2021 on top of the GBP 15,000 per annum. Director fees for the year are as follows:

	Charge	Charge	Payable at the year end	Payable at the year end
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	AUD	AUD	AUD	AUD
Mr Platt-Ransom	27,172	27,165	6,616	-
Mr Hill	36,982	27,688	9,923	7,448
Mr Walker	27,542	27,246	13,231	6,917
	91,696	82,098	29,770	14,365

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2022

11. Financial Instruments

Second	The carrying values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are summarised by category belo	w:	
Measured at fair value through profit or loss: Investment at fair value Lighting Investment Australia - Mezzanine Debt Facility1,009,340 4,079,000 4,079,000 4,079,000 1,284,284 2,811,5004,079,000 4,079,000 2,343,713Measured at amortised cost Lighting Australia Senior Debt facility-1,919,512 2,2083Measured at undiscounted amount receivable: Debtors (excluding prepayments)-1,300,525 10,168,018Total financial assets15,072,47413,456,854Financial liabilities Measured at undiscounted amount payable: Creditors and accrued expenses95,06159,266			
Investment at fair value Lighting Investment Australia - Mezzanine Debt Facility EDU Holdings Limited - Ordinary Shares Sunshine Notes Measured at amortised cost Lighting Austrailia Senior Debt facility Accrued Interest Lighting Austrailia Senior Debt facility Measured at undiscounted amount receivable: Debtors (excluding prepayments) Cash and cash equivalents Total financial assets Financial liabilities Measured at undiscounted amount payable: Creditors and accrued expenses Measured at undiscounted amount payable: Measured at undiscounted amount payable: M		AUD	AUD
Lighting Investment Australia - Mezzanine Debt Facility1,009,3404,079,000EDU Holdings Limited - Ordinary Shares1,083,6151,284,284Sunshine Notes2,811,5002,343,713Measured at amortised cost-1,919,512Accrued Interest-22,083Measured at undiscounted amount receivable:11,300,525Debtors (excluding prepayments)11,300,525Cash and cash equivalents10,168,0182,507,737Total financial assets15,072,47413,456,854Financial liabilities95,06159,266			
EDU Holdings Limited - Ordinary Shares1,083,6151,284,284Sunshine Notes2,811,5002,343,713Measured at amortised cost Lighting Austrailia Senior Debt facility-1,919,512Accrued Interest Lighting Austrailia Senior Debt facility-22,083Measured at undiscounted amount receivable: Debtors (excluding prepayments) Cash and cash equivalents11,300,525Total financial assets15,072,47413,456,854Financial liabilities Measured at undiscounted amount payable: Creditors and accrued expenses95,06159,266		1 000 0 10	1 070 000
Sunshine Notes2,811,5002,343,713Measured at amortised cost Lighting Austrailia Senior Debt facility-1,919,512Accrued Interest Lighting Austrailia Senior Debt facility-22,083Measured at undiscounted amount receivable: Debtors (excluding prepayments) Cash and cash equivalents11,300,525Total financial assets15,072,47413,456,854Financial liabilities Measured at undiscounted amount payable: Creditors and accrued expenses95,06159,266			, ,
Measured at amortised cost 1,919,512 Lighting Austrailia Senior Debt facility - 1,919,512 Accrued Interest - 22,083 Measured at undiscounted amount receivable: - 22,083 Debtors (excluding prepayments) 1 1,300,525 Cash and cash equivalents 10,168,018 2,507,737 Total financial assets 15,072,474 13,456,854 Financial liabilities Measured at undiscounted amount payable: 95,061 59,266	5		1,284,284
Lighting Austrailia Senior Debt facility-1,919,512Accrued Interest Lighting Austrailia Senior Debt facility-22,083Measured at undiscounted amount receivable: Debtors (excluding prepayments) Cash and cash equivalents11,300,525Total financial assets10,168,0182,507,737Total financial liabilities Measured at undiscounted amount payable: Creditors and accrued expenses95,06159,266	Sunshine Notes	2,811,500	2,343,713
Lighting Austrailia Senior Debt facility-1,919,512Accrued Interest Lighting Austrailia Senior Debt facility-22,083Measured at undiscounted amount receivable: Debtors (excluding prepayments) Cash and cash equivalents11,300,525Total financial assets10,168,0182,507,737Total financial liabilities Measured at undiscounted amount payable: Creditors and accrued expenses95,06159,266	Measured at amortised cost		
Accrued Interest - 22,083 Measured at undiscounted amount receivable: - 1,300,525 Debtors (excluding prepayments) 1 1,300,525 Cash and cash equivalents 10,168,018 2,507,737 Total financial assets 15,072,474 13,456,854 Financial liabilities Measured at undiscounted amount payable: 95,061 59,266		-	1 919 512
Lighting Austrailia Senior Debt facility-22,083Measured at undiscounted amount receivable: Debtors (excluding prepayments) Cash and cash equivalents11,300,525Cash and cash equivalents10,168,0182,507,737Total financial assets15,072,47413,456,854Financial liabilities Measured at undiscounted amount payable: Creditors and accrued expenses95,06159,266			1,717,512
Measured at undiscounted amount receivable: 1 1,300,525 Debtors (excluding prepayments) 10,168,018 2,507,737 Cash and cash equivalents 15,072,474 13,456,854 Financial liabilities Measured at undiscounted amount payable: 59,266 Creditors and accrued expenses 95,061 59,266			22.082
Debtors (excluding prepayments)11,300,525Cash and cash equivalents10,168,0182,507,737Total financial assets15,072,47413,456,854Financial liabilities Measured at undiscounted amount payable: Creditors and accrued expenses95,06159,266	Lighting Australia Senior Debt facility	-	22,083
Cash and cash equivalents10,168,0182,507,737Total financial assets15.072.47413.456.854Financial liabilities Measured at undiscounted amount payable: Creditors and accrued expenses95,06159,266	Measured at undiscounted amount receivable:		
Cash and cash equivalents10,168,0182,507,737Total financial assets15.072.47413.456.854Financial liabilities Measured at undiscounted amount payable: Creditors and accrued expenses95,06159,266	Debtors (excluding prepayments)	1	1,300,525
Financial liabilities Measured at undiscounted amount payable: Creditors and accrued expenses 95,061 59,266		10,168,018	2,507,737
Measured at undiscounted amount payable: Creditors and accrued expenses95,06159,266	Total financial assets	15,072,474	13,456,854
Measured at undiscounted amount payable: Creditors and accrued expenses95,06159,266	Financial Rabilities		
Creditors and accrued expenses 95,061 59,266			
		07.071	
Total financial liabilities 95,061 59,266	Creditors and accrued expenses	95,061	59,266
	Total financial liabilities	95,061	59,266

Under FRS 102, the Company is required to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1 - Quoted Prices (unadjusted) for identical instruments in active markets

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices within level 1 that are observable for instruments, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices)

Level 3 - Valuation techniques using unobservable market data

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is classified as Level 3. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgement by the Company. The Company considers observable data to be market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

	30 June 2022 AUD	30 June 2021 AUD
Level 1 - Quoted Prices (unadjusted) for identical instruments in active markets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,083,615	1,284,284
Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices within level 1 that are observable for instruments, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) <i>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</i>	-	-
Level 3 - Valuation techniques using unobservable market data Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,820,840	6,422,713

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2022

11. Financial Instruments (continued)

Level 1 - As at 30 June 2022, the financial asset included Ordinary Shares in EDU Holdings Limited. The movement during the year relates to the fair value movement for this investment.

Level 2 - As at 30 June 2022, there are no financial assets and liabilities which have been classified within Level 2.

Level 3 - As at 30 June 2022, the Mezzanine Debt Facility in Lighting Investment Australia and Sunshine Notes held at fair value have been classified within Level 3.

All Level 1 investments are valued via prices obtained from a recognised exchange, Level 2 investments are valued based on the NAV of the underlying audited Financial Statements and Level 3 investments are based upon the latest available information notified to the Company by the Investment Manager or administrator of the investment, which in the Directors' opinion represents the fair value of the investments at the year end date.

12. Financial Risk Management

The Investment Restrictions set out the risk management policies and guidelines for the Company. The main risks are summarised below.

a) Market price risk

This risk arises because the Company's investments are exposed to market price fluctuations, which are monitored by the Investment Manager. The Company has the following investment restrictions in place in order to manage this risk:

- A single investment may not exceed 30% of the aggregate amounts received by the Company from Investors (the "Company's Funds"), less an estimated amount of up to 1.5% of the Company's Funds (the "Expense Provision")
- A single investment strategy may not exceed 80% of the Company's Funds, less the Expense Provision.

These restrictions may be exceeded if the relevant investment is approved by Investors by Ordinary Resolution. As such, on 27 November 2017, an Ordinary Resolution was passed approving the investments into Lighting Investment Australia, each of which was in excess of 30% of the Company's Funds less the Expense Provision.

This investment policy remains unchanged from the previous year.

The Company's sensitivity to a 10% increase or decrease in market prices of assets held at fair value, hence excluding those held at cost and amortised cost, is as follows. 10% is deemed a reasonable estimate of likely movement in prices when compared with historical movements and latest market information.

	Total Value of Investments AUD	Impact on Statement of Financial Position AUD
30 June 2022	4,904,455	+/- 490,446
30 June 2021	7,706,997	+/- 770,700

b) Credit risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk on the counterparties with whom it trades. There exists a risk that counterparties may not perform their obligations and that settlement of transactions may not occur. It is the Directors' policy to enter into financial arrangements only with reputable counterparties and on this basis, places its cash and cash equivalents with Investec Bank (Channel Islands) Limited.

Investee Bank ple, the parent company of Investee Bank (Channel Islands) Limited, has a Moody's rating of A1 and a Fitch rating of BBB+ (30 June 2021 : A1 and BBB+ respectively). As at 30 June 2022, there is no collateral or security held by Investee Bank (Channel Islands) Limited in relation to the Company.

The Company is exposed to credit risk on its investments as a result of underperformance or withdrawal of investment in the underlying entities. The risk is mitigated by the thorough due-diligence process undertaken before an investment is made along with monitoring the investment throughout its life.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2022

12. Financial Risk Management (continued)

b) Credit risk (continued)

The Company's exposure to significant single investments is regularly monitored by the Investment Manager to ensure that any investments that exceed the agreed upon investment restrictions, per the Investment Management Agreement, are appropriately approved by Shareholders as set out in the Articles of Association of the Company.

The following carrying amount of financial assets best reflects the maximum credit risk exposure at the year end:

Assets	30 June 2022 AUD	30 June 2021 AUD
Cash and cash equivalents Debtors (excluding prepayments)	10,168,018	2,507,737 1,300,525
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4,904,455	7,706,997
Financial assets at amortised cost	<u> </u>	1,941,595
	15,072,474	13,456,854

c) Liquidity risk

The Company's assets consist mainly of investments in private equity and cash. The main liabilities of the Company are as detailed in note 8 of these Financial Statements. Liquidity risk may arise from the potential inability to pay these liabilities when they fall due and the potential difficulty in liquidating the Company's investments in order to meet these liabilities.

As the Company is a closed-ended fund, redemptions are only granted at the Directors' discretion. As a result, the Directors have the option to refuse redemption applications should this be required to mitigate liquidity risk.

As the Company currently has significant cash balances, well in excess of the amount of creditors due within one year, and the Investment Restrictions allow for an Expense Provision of up to 1.5% to be safeguarded from investment, the Directors are of the opinion that the Company has limited liquidity risk.

The Company's main financial commitments are amounts payable in relation to its ongoing annual operating expenses. The table below analyses these into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date.

30 June 2022	Less than 1 month AUD	1 - 3 months AUD	3 months to 1 year AUD	Total AUD
Administration fees Directors' fees Audit fees Other payables	33,020 29,770 2,792		29,479	33,020 29,770 29,479 2,792
	65,582	<u> </u>	29,479	95,061
30 June 2021	Less than 1 month AUD	1 - 3 months AUD	3 months to 1 year AUD	Total AUD
Administration fees Directors' fees Audit fees Investment management fees	17,262 14,365	-	25,823	17,262 14,365 25,823
Other payables	1,816		25,823	1,816 59,266

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2022

12. Financial Risk Management (continued)

d) Currency risk

The Company's assets may be acquired in currencies other than the base currency of the Company. The Company's exposure to foreign currency assets and liabilities is as follows;

	2022 AUD	2021 AUD
Assets based in Sterling	153,776	345,145
Liabilities based in Sterling	(95,061)	(59,266)
Net exposure to Sterling	58,715	285,879
Assets based in, and net exposure to, South African Rand	2,811,500	2,343,713

At 30 June 2022, had the exchange rate between Australian Dollars and the following currencies increased or decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant, the increase or decrease respectively in net assets attributable to holders of Ordinary Shares would be:

	2022	2021
	AUD	AUD
Sterling	+/- 5,872	+/- 28,588
South African Rand	+/- 281,150	+/- 234,371

The Directors are of the opinion that risk in relation to exchange rate fluctuations, while potentially material to the Company, is adequately mitigated by holding a significant proportion of net assets in the base currency. The costs of implementing an effective hedging policy to fully mitigate this risk are not deemed to be in the best interests of the shareholders of the Company. The Directors view the main currency exposure, to Sterling, as being with a stable currency not normally subject to material fluctuations.

e) Capital management

The capital of the Company is represented by its equity and reserves. The capital and reserves of the Company, along with their movements for the year are detailed in the Statement of Changes in Equity on page 9.

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns.

The Company's capital can change significantly as a result of subscriptions and redemptions. As the Company is a closed-ended fund, redemptions are only granted at the Directors' discretion. As a result, the Directors have the option to refuse redemption applications in whole or in part in order to maintain the capital structure.

f) Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on cash balances and financial asset debt instruments included within investments.

The interest rate profile of the financial assets as at the Statement of Financial Position date is as follows:

	30 June 2022 AUD	30 June 2021 AUD
Non-interest bearing financial assets	3,895,116	4,928,522
Variable rate financial assets	10,168,018	4,449,332
Fixed rate financial assets	1,009,340	4,079,000
	15,072,474	13,456,854

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For the year ended 30 June 2022

12. Financial Risk Management (continued)

f) Interest rate risk (continued)

The following sensitivity analysis has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting year. As at 30 June 2022, the impact on the result of a 100 basis point decrease in interest rates, being an amount which the Directors reasonably assess as a potential interest rate movement (with all other factors remaining equal) would result in an AUD 101,680 (30 June 2021: AUD 44,493) decrease in bank interest income. Similarly, a 100 basis point increase in interest rates would result in an AUD 101,680 (30 June 2021: AUD 44,493) increase in bank interest income.

Based on these potential movements, the Directors have deemed that interest rate risk is not currently a material risk to the Company.

13. Basic and Diluted Loss per Share

	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
Profit attributable to ordinary shares	1,579,563	4,408,627
Weighted average number of shares in issue	10,859.75	10,859.75
Profit per ordinary share	145.45	405.96

The weighted average number of shares was calculated with reference to the number of days units have been in issue and hence their ability to influence income generated.

The ordinary shares had no dilutive potential as at 30 June 2022. Therefore, basic and diluted profit per share are equal.

14. Subsequent events

On 07 October 2022, there was a redemption of AUD 1,234.23 net asset value per ordinary shares for a total redemption amount of AUD 11,000,000.

During the year, Lighting Australia sold its main subsidiary Pierlite and there are ongoing discussions around the realisation of the remaining assets of the Lighting Australia group.

There are no other events subsequent to the period end which would have a material impact on the financial statements of the Company and which require disclosure.